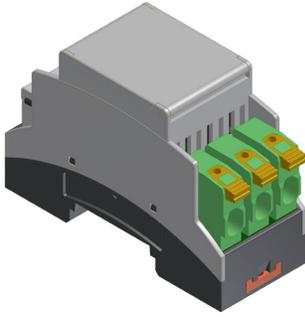


# Entube TE

Three Phase  
Voltage Sensor



## OVERVIEW

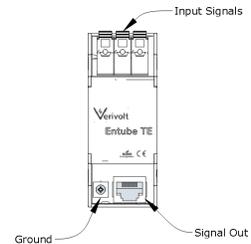
The Entube-TE series is designed for high quality three-phase measurements in a very compact form factor without need for power supplies. This series covers the ranges of  $\pm 100V$ ,  $\pm 200V$ ,  $\pm 300V$ ,  $\pm 400V$ ,  $\pm 500V$ ,  $\pm 750V$  and  $\pm 1000V$ , with up to 85kHz bandwidth and 0.2% accuracy. The Entube-TE sensor operates as a differential divider network with an anti-aliasing filter on its output. It generates a  $\pm 5V$  or  $\pm 10V$  scaled down version of the line-to-line and line-to-ground voltage on its input terminals. Depending on the software configuration, the sensor outputs phase-to-phase voltages for Delta configuration, or phase-to-ground for Wye configurations. This signal can then be processed by most computer based measurement platforms. One Entube-TE replaces 3 sensors, and only requires one cable for all three signals. This allows for very high channel densities, while delivering high performance for a low cost.

## SPECIFICATION

Entube TE	100V	200V	300V	400V	500V	750V	1000V
<b>Bandwidth (-3dB point)</b>	85kHz		50kHz			25kHz	
<b>Integrated sensor noise (Referenced to input)</b>	< 30 $\mu V$	< 60 $\mu V$	< 100 $\mu V$	< 130 $\mu V$	< 170 $\mu V$	< 220 $\mu V$	< 290 $\mu V$
<b>Gain (Using 10V standard output voltage)</b>	10	20	30	40	50	75	100
<b>Input Impedance</b>	> 1 M $\Omega$		> 2 M $\Omega$			> 3 M $\Omega$	
<b>Line Output Impedance</b>	50k $\Omega$	25k $\Omega$	33k $\Omega$	25k $\Omega$	20k $\Omega$	20k $\Omega$	15k $\Omega$

## HARDWARE DESCRIPTION

The Entube-TE is a differential voltage down-converter designed for 3-phase systems. It outputs all line-to-line and line-to-ground signal pairs. Delta or Wye measurements can be made depending on the input configuration of the digitizer being used (NRSE or Differential).



### Signal Layout

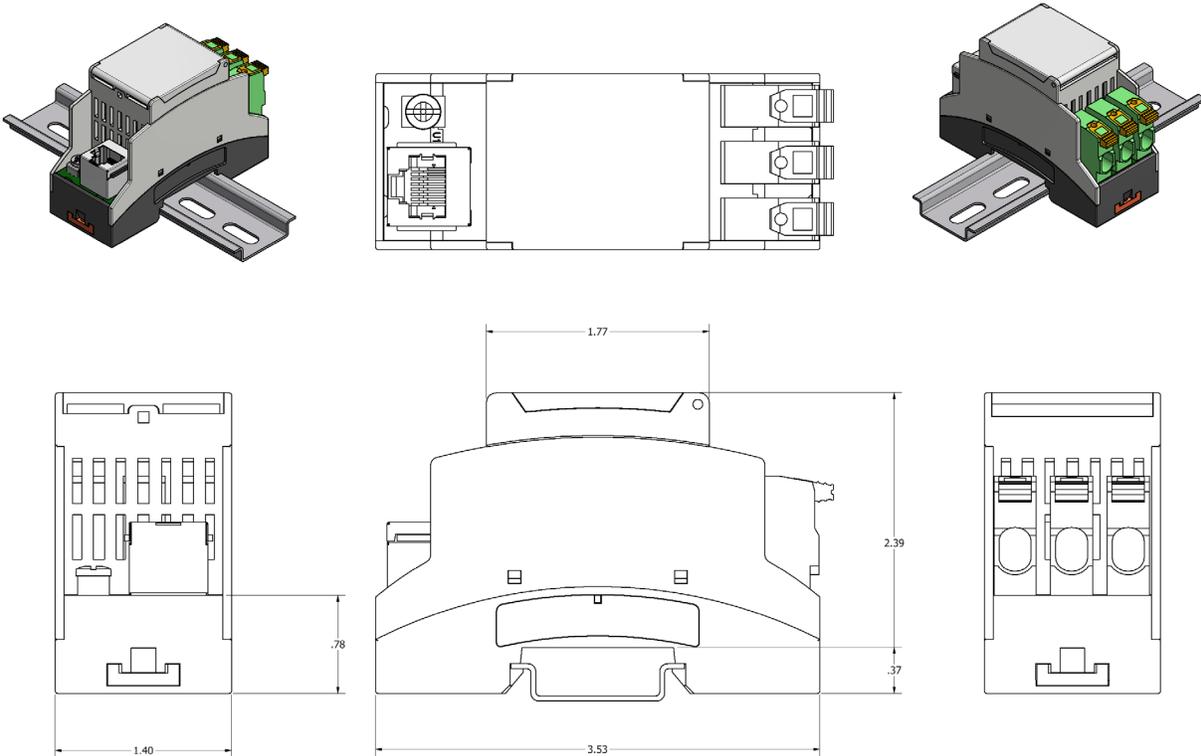
The three input phases connect to the sensor via a Spring-cage, while the conditioned signals from the sensor come out on a standard Ethernet jack. The Entube-TE can be mounted anywhere between the signal source and the data acquisition system. A female-screw on the low voltage side of the sensor allows for DIN rail mounting, and serves as a safety ground.

A standard Ethernet cable is used to carry the conditioned signals from the sensor. The orange, brown and blue pairs carry phase voltages; the green connects to ground and DAQ reference. To avoid limiting the signal bandwidth and to eliminate cross-talk between pairs, a shielded STP Ethernet cable with a maximum length of 100m (330') should be used. This will keep good resolution beyond the 10th harmonic on a typical 60Hz system

Electrical	
Accuracy (percentage of reading)	$\pm 0.2\%$ ( $\pm 0.05\%$ Typical)
Gain (Using 10V standard output voltage)	
Max total phase shift at 60Hz	< 0.05°
Common mode rejection	$\pm 2000V$
Withstanding differential mode surge voltage	$\pm 1000V$
Mechanical	
Mounting Type	DIN Rail
Connectivity (Connector for power in and signal out to/from the sensor)	RJ45 Ethernet jack
Outer Dimensions	1.4" x 1.4" x 4.5"
Weight	198 g (7.0 oz)

Integrated sensor noise (Referenced to input)	
Input-Output non-linearity	< 250 ppm
Output voltage	$\pm 10V$ , $\pm 5V$
Gain temperature drift	$\pm 50$ ppm/°C
Differential input dynamic range	
Common mode rejection	52 dB
Power Supply Voltage	None
Output type	Single-ended signal
Output Offset Voltage	< $\pm 10\mu V$ (on $\pm 10V$ signal)
Environmental	
Operating temperature	- 25 to 70 °C
Storage temperature	- 40 to 80 °C

# MERCHICAL DIMENSIONS

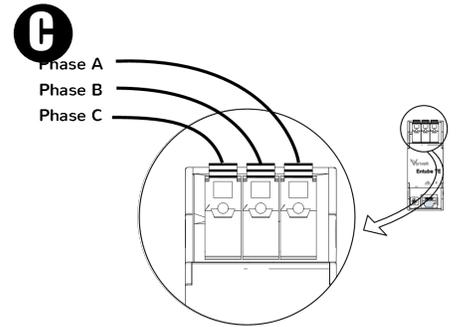
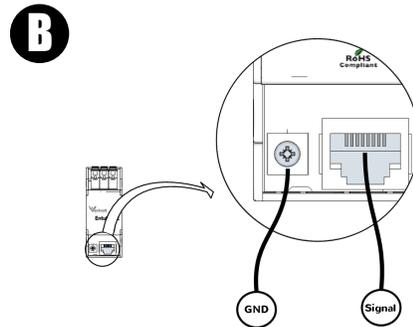
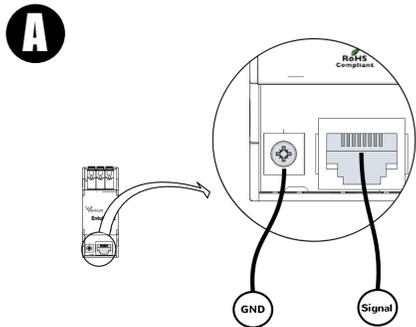


# HARDWARE CONFIGURATION

**A.** Safely connect Data Acquisition ground to ground of sensor.

**B.** Securely connect one end of a RJ45 to the output terminals, and the other end to the inputs of your breakout board or data acquisition unit

**C.** Securely connect wire between the source of measurement and an available Entube TE's input screw terminal.



## Standards and Certifications

- CE
- RoHS Compliant



## DANGER

THIS SENSOR IS NOT A SAFETY DEVICE AND IS NOT INTENDED TO BE USED AS A SAFETY DEVICE. This sensor is designed only to detect and read certain data in an electronic manner and perform no use apart from that, specifically no safety-related use. This sensor product does not include self-checking redundant circuitry, and the failure of this sensor product could cause either an energized or de-energized output condition, which could result in death, serious bodily injury, or property damage.